
Review of the Role of Forensic Medicine in Sexual Violence Crime Cases

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ABSTRACT

The crime of embezzlement of rental cars that has recently occurred is very troubling to car rental owners. This is a problem where the meaning of a rule of law if crimes committed by the community cannot be followed by the rule of law, such as crimes by embezzlement is one of the types of crimes against human property regulated in Article 372 of the Criminal Code. Therefore, law enforcement against the crime of embezzlement of rental cars must be resolved thoroughly with justice, as well as for the creation of good and fair law enforcement before the law. The research objectives are as follows: 1) To find out how law enforcement related to the crime of embezzlement of rental cars. 2) To find out how the perpetrator's responsibility for the crime of embezzlement of rental cars. This research uses a normative juridical approach, which is used to make clear, systematic and precise descriptions of the facts / characteristics of certain regions and populations which are then analyzed to obtain the desired facts. The research method used: literature study by reading books, studying, quoting, analyzing what is obtained from book literature. The result of this research is the application of Article 372 of the Criminal Code in the criminal act of embezzlement of rental cars where the criminal act committed by the tenant against the rental goods belonging to the rental owner is due to an abuse of trust where the criminal act of embezzlement is regulated in the provisions of Article 372 of the Criminal Code.

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Introduction section is written clearly and contains adequate background problems, the problems studied, the purpose of writing, as well as the state of the art from previous research and publications, as proof that the submitted articles have originality and have new contributions to important scientific contributions to be published. The Introduction also contains an explanation of the gap analysis and or the urgency of the study compared to previous studies. For this reason, there is a need for a statement of novelty from the scientific studies carried out. The novelty statement is reinforced by a literature review from previous studies. State of art sources are recommended from primary sources, namely reference sources for relevant journals and recent publications, both international journals and national journals.

II. RESEARCH PROBLEMS

Write a clear problem statement, what is the focus of your article? At least 2 problem formulations.

III. RESEARCH METHODS

Articles sourced from research results; research methods are written as a separate chapter after the Introduction chapter. The research method includes types of research, approach methods, sources of legal materials and data sources, techniques of collecting legal materials, techniques of data collection, as well as methods of analyzing legal materials and data analysis. For articles on conceptual ideas, it is sufficient to only discuss the study approach method which is placed at the end of the Introduction chapter.

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

1. First Research Problem Discussion

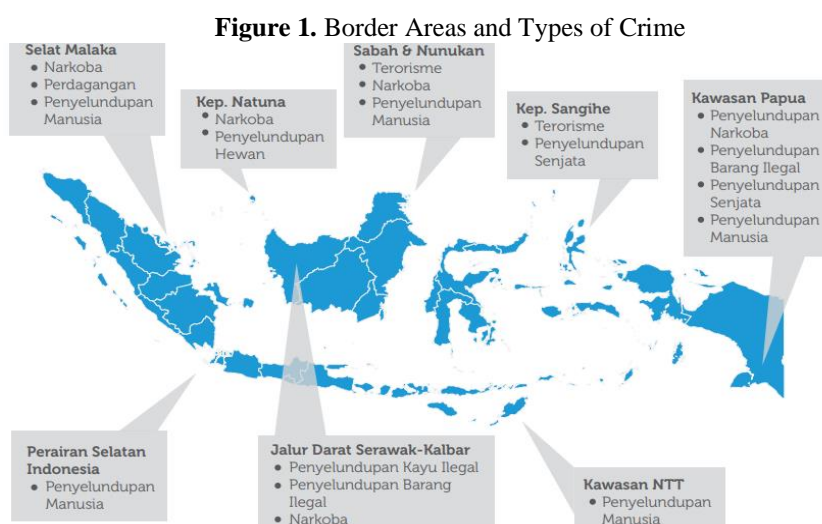
The writing of the Results and Discussion section contains the results of research findings which is followed by a scientific discussion. The description of the discussion in the Results and Discussion chapter is descriptive, analytical, and critical. The description of the discussion must be adjusted to the sequence of legal issues that are the main elements of the study. Theories included in the theoretical framework should be cited in this chapter. The state of the art listed in the Introduction Section is also reviewed and elaborated in the Results and Discussion Section. The analysis in the Results and Discussion section can be supported by a table that is presented horizontally.

Table presentation is completed with "Table Title" and "Table Source." Each Table is followed by the author's review and comments as part of the analysis of the Tables presented. In addition to the table, the provisions of the Act or other regulations presented are accompanied by studies and opinions of the authors in strengthening and sharpening the analysis of articles submitted for publication.

Table 1. Number of Crimes in District X in 2018-2019

No	Types of Crime	2018	2019
1	Narcotics	12	18
2	Corruption	6	2
3	Human Trafficking	35	39
Total		43	59

Source: *Reskrim Polres X*



Source: *Kementerian PPN/Bappenas*

2. Second Research Problem Discussion

The citations are written using footnotes using the Turabian sixth Edition writing style. Avoid literature sourced from unofficial websites. Consider the following example:

Writing quotes from book sources:

- 1) The author is only one person¹

¹ Agus Raharjo, *Cybercrime: Pemahaman dan upaya pencegahan kejahatan berteknologi*, (Bandung: Citra Aditya Bakti, 2002), 10.

- 2) Two Writers²
- 3) More than three authors³

Writing citations from journal⁴ sources; Writing quotes from internet sources. If there are several quotes from the same source, only the first quote is written in full.⁵ Then it is written using Ibid., Op.Cit., or Loc.cit. Quotations sourced from laws or public documents do not need to be written in footnotes.

V. CONCLUSION

The conclusion section basically contains the essence of the study and at the same time, it is also an answer to the problems studied in the article. In connection with this, the writing of conclusions must be adjusted to the order of the problems studied and relevant to the research objectives. In the Conclusion section, there should be no new discussion or comments from the author. In the conclusion, the author's recommendations, if any, can be included.

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² Adi Sulistiyono, Muhammad Rustamaji, *Hukum Ekonomi Sebagai Panglima*, (Sidoarjo: Masmedia Buana Pustaka, 2009), 19.

³ Kimberle Crenshaw and others, eds., *Critical Race Theory: The Key Writings that Formed the Movement* (New York: New Press, 1995), 50.

⁴ Yusuf Saefudin, Agus Raharjo, Budiyono, "Urgency of Integrated Assessment on Drugs Crime (a Study in Purbalingga Regency)", *Jurnal Dinamika Hukum 17, No. 1 (2017): 40-52*

⁵ Diana Kusumasari, Penyalahgunaan Narkotika dan Prekursor Narkotika, dikutip dari laman: <https://www.hukumonline.com/klinik/detail/ulasan/lt4dc0cc5c25228/penyalahgunaan-narkotika-dan-prekursor-narkotika/> ; diakses pada 20 Januari 2020